



United States Department of the Interior



BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Paria River District

669 South Highway 89A

Kanab, UT 84741

<https://www.blm.gov/utah>

FIRE PREVENTION ORDER: UT-020-25-02

Pursuant to regulations of the Department of the Interior, found at Title 43 CFR 9212.1 (h), the additional following acts are prohibited on Bureau of Land Management (BLM) lands, roads, waterways, and trails, in the State of Utah, until rescinded by the Paria River District Manager.

Area Description:

All BLM managed lands within the Paria River District in Kane and Garfield counties, Utah. **This order is effective starting June 1, 2025, at 12:01 a.m.** and will remain in effect until rescinded. This order also rescinds all previous orders covering BLM managed lands in this district.

Prohibited Acts:

1. Campfires using charcoal, solid fuels, or any ash-producing fuel, except in permanently constructed cement or metal fire pits located in agency developed campgrounds and picnic areas. Examples of solid fuels include, but are not limited to wood, charcoal, peat, coal, hexamine fuel tablets, wood pellets, corn, wheat, rye, and other grains. Devices fueled by petroleum or liquid petroleum gas with a shut-off valve are approved in all locations if there is at least three feet in diameter that is barren with no flammable vegetation.
2. Smoking except within an enclosed vehicle, covered areas, developed recreation site or while stopped in a cleared area of at least three feet in diameter that is barren with no flammable vegetation.
3. Grinding, cutting, and welding of metal.
4. Operating or using any internal or external combustion engine without a spark arresting device properly installed, maintained and in effective working order as determined by the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) recommended practices J335 and J350. Refer to Title 43 CFR 8343.1.
5. The non-commercial use/discharge of explosives of any kind, incendiary or chemical devices, pyrotechnic devices, exploding targets, pressurized containers or canisters, and binary explosives.
6. The use/discharge of any kind of fireworks as defined by this order.

Binary Explosive Definition:

Binary explosive- includes, but is not limited to, pre-packaged products consisting of two separate components, usually an oxidizer like ammonium nitrate and a fuel such as aluminum or another metal. These binary explosives are defined by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosive in 27 CFR 555.

Fireworks Definition:

Fireworks- includes, but is not limited to, any device which produces noise, smoke, showers of sparks, or movement by combustion or explosive materials. These explosives are defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation in 49 CFR 173. This definition includes all classes of fireworks.

Permissible Acts:

1. Use of devices fueled by petroleum or liquid petroleum gas with a shut-off valve in all locations.
2. Use of campfires in permanently constructed cement or metal fire pits provided in agency developed campgrounds and picnic areas.

Exemptions:

1. All exemptions to the restrictions are obtained through local permits issued by the authorized officer for activities that will not conflict with the purpose of the order (Title 43 CFR 9212.3).
2. Any Federal, State, or local officer or member of an organized rescue or firefighting force in the performance of an official duty.

Penalties:

Anyone in violation of this Fire Prevention Order may be subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution under any applicable law or BLM regulation. A violation of this Order may be classified as a Class A Misdemeanor Offense under 43 USC 1733(a) FLPMA, 18 USC 3559. Pursuant to 18 USC 3571, if the violation does not result in death, anyone who violates this order may be fined not more than \$100,000 and/or imprisoned for not more than 12 months. Liability for total fire suppression and damage costs incurred will be borne by the responsible party.

Signed:

Harry Barber
Paria River District Manager, USDI Bureau of Land Management