Tissue collection for piñon pines and co-occurring junipers to characterize landscape genomics

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We now care about piñon-juniper ecosystems!





dministration Priorities The Record

FACT SHEET: Biden-Harris Administration Advances Commitment to Protect Old Growth Forests on National Forest System Lands

BRIEFING ROOM > STATEMENTS AND RELEASES

Collaborative Efforts to Conserve Pinyon Juniper: Pinyon and juniper woodlands encompass tens of millions of acres of federal lands across the West, and have significant biodiversity, climate, and cultural values. <u>Pinyon-juniper woodlands</u> are the most abundant forest type in the federally managed inventory of mature and old-growth forests, and are the majority of mature and old-growth forests managed by the BLM. While much management focus has been rightly placed on pinyon-juniper encroachment onto sagebrush ecosystems, less attention has been paid to the importance of mature and old-growth pinyon-juniper ecosystems.

https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statementsreleases/2023/12/19/fact-sheet-biden-harris-administration-advancescommitment-to-protect-old-growth-forests-on-national-forest-systemlands/

Culturally significant species

The trees themselves:

- Piñon nuts calorically dense
- Medicinal purposes
- Ceremonial purposes
- Fuelwood
- Building material

The trees are also foundations for an ecosystem of equally important species!

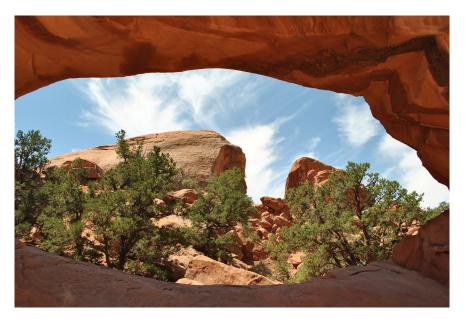




Blake McCord https://www.grandcanyontrust.org/advocatemag/springsummer-2024/cultural-history-pinon-juniper

Ecological significant species

These trees are **foundation species**, or species that have a large role in determining abiotic and biotic ecological function and structure, and biological community composition.





https://abcbirds.org/bird/pinyon-jay/

Why do we care about widespread species, and what can genetics tell us?

 Understand unique evolutionary histories within piñon across a juniper hybrid zone? and juniper groups.

P. monop

- If we know what has happened to species in the past, we have more knowledge about what may happen to them in the future.
- Understand how each species is locally adapted to different environmental and ecological conditions
- P. califor
 Understand hybridization: Hybridization occurs throughout their ranges. Hybrids can occupy unique environmental space

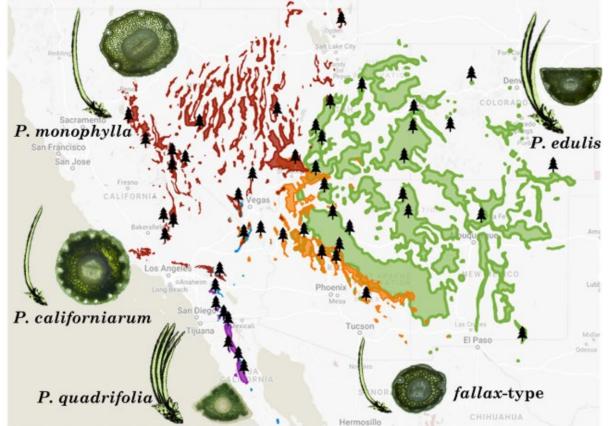
Buck, Ryan, et al. "Sequential hybridization may have facilitated ecological transitions in the Southwestern pinyon pine syngameon." *New Phytologist* 237.6 (2023): 2435-2449

K.Uckele, Unpublished data

Hybrid

Utał

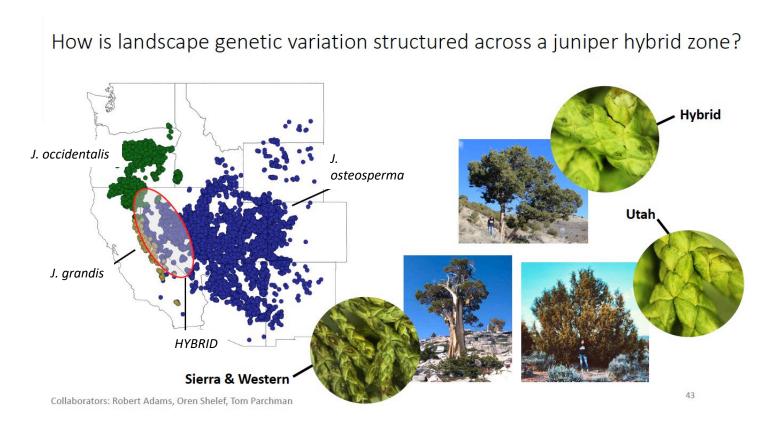
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Why do we care about widespread species, and what can genetics tell us?

Juniper



K. Uckele, Unpublished data

Who are we interested in?

Pinus Subsection cembroides...

- P. edulis
- P. X fallax
- P. monophyla
- P. cembroides
- P. californarium
- Ranges extending into Mexico: any collaborators??

And co-occurring Juniperus, including but not limited to...

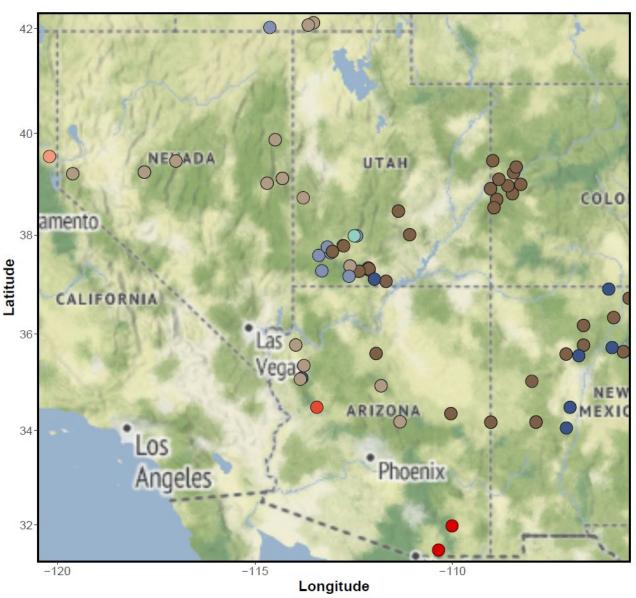
- J. monosperma
- J. osteosperma
- J. scopulorum
- J. deppeana
- J. occidentalis
- J. grandis





Collections as of December 2023

- 10 species
- 62 sampling locations
- > 1300 individuals



What can you Do? Send us tissue!

1. Need supplies? I'll send you some!

2. Make sample kits (i.e., put silica in baggies). Do outside—Inhaling silica dust is bad.

3. Go outside, collect tissue!

4. Send Tissue to:

Carla Roybal 2255 N. Gemini Rd Flagstaff, AZ 86001







Information to include with a sample:

Species Name:

Population ID: (If collecting more than 1 population of a species):

Latitude:

Longitude:

Size class (seedling/sapling/young adult/old growth) or DBH:

Species Name: **P. edulis X fallax** Population ID: (If collecting more than 1 population of a species): **Granite Mountain** Latitude: **34.639907** Longitude:-**112.576885** Size class (seedling/sapling/young adult/old growth) or DBH: **Sapling, old growth stand**



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