

# AREAS OF CRITICAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN (ACEC) IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINES

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United States Department of Interior Bureau of Land Management Program Management Office OC-120 Denver Federal Center Denver, Colorado

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# Implementation Guidelines for Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC)

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## Part I: Introduction

This document describes the national data standard for the Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC) geospatial dataset. It is intended as a guideline for implementation. States may extend and expand upon this guideline in order to meet their specific needs, provided that when the data is pushed up to the national level, it will meet the minimum requirements as set forth in the Data Standard. The arc information and the feature level metadata will exist in the arc feature class. For the full physical implementation, including instructions and files to build a geodatabase, please go to <a href="http://web.blm.gov/data\_mgt/standards/in\_progress/acec/index.htm">http://web.blm.gov/data\_mgt/standards/in\_progress/acec/index.htm</a>

The data for inclusion in this data set shall be collected in a known datum and coordinate system. The data stored on the EGIS server in Denver shall be stored in geographic coordinates for national layers using the Bureau standard NAD 83 datum rather than in a specific projection.

There are nine tables in this implementation:

- 1. *acec\_predesig\_arc* represents the arc features that will define the Pre-designated ACEC polygons. These arcs will have the feature level metadata attributes shown assigned to them.
- 2. *acec\_predesig\_poly* represents the polygon features that show the boundaries for the Pre-Designated ACECs.
- 3. *acec\_desig\_arc* represents the arc features that will define the Designated ACEC polygons. These arcs will have the feature level metadata attributes shown assigned to them.
- 4. *acec\_desig\_poly* represents the polygon features that show the boundaries for the Designated ACECs.
- 5. *acec\_hist\_poly* represents the polygon features that show Historical ACECs.
- 6. *acec\_predesig\_desig\_type\_tbl* will contain the legally recognizable/designated reason(s) that an area that has been nominated or considered as an ACEC.
- 7. *acec\_predesig\_mgmt\_const\_tbl* will contain the legally recognizable/designated management constraint(s) placed on an area that has been nominated or considered as an ACEC.
- 8. *acec\_desig\_type\_tbl* will contain the legally recognizable/designated reason(s) that an area that has been designated as an ACEC.
- 9. *acec\_mgmt\_const\_tbl* will contain the legally recognizable/designated management constraint(s) placed on an area that has been designated as an ACEC.

### Topology

Geodatabase and map topologies will be established to relate the active feature classes together, to maintain feature geometry and to aid in the editing of features. The implementation of this data standard requires that polygons be defined by bounding arcs. Therefore, a minimum set of geodatabase topology rules are defined as part of the geodatabase to verify the coincidence between these two feature classes.

Map topology shall be established during edit sessions. Edits to the polygon shape will be performed by modifying the bounding arc. (Historical or archived polygons will not be edited once they become inactive). For additional information, refer to the best practices document available on the Spatial Data Management subsection on the EGIS web page: <u>http://web.blm.gov/egis/DataManagementdocs.htm</u> It is recommended that these tools be used and implemented to improve data quality and integrity.

The following Geodatabase Topology Rules apply:

- *acec\_predesig\_arc* **Must Not Overlap**
- acec\_predesig\_arc Must Be Covered By Boundary Of acec\_predesig\_poly
- acec\_predesig\_arc Must Not Self-Overlap
- acec\_predesig\_poly Must Not Overlap
- acec\_predesig\_ poly Boundary Must Be Covered By acec\_predesig\_arc
- acec\_desig\_arc Must Not Overlap
- *acec\_desig\_arc* **Must Be Covered By Boundary Of** *acec\_desig\_poly*
- acec\_desig\_arc Must Not Self-Overlap
- *acec\_desig\_poly* **Must Not Overlap**
- *acec\_desig\_poly* **Boundary Must Be Covered By** *acec\_desig\_arc*

If you are creating new data where the polygons are being created by the bounding arcs, you may want to include the GDB topology rule "*Must not have dangles*" for the arc feature class(es). This way any gaps in the lines defining your polygon boundaries can be discovered and corrected before you construct your polygons.

### Data Guidelines

Implementation of the data standards will occur at those organizational levels of the Bureau as appropriate. The standards are intended to be platform-independent.

There are some attributes that are intended to eventually become system generated when a system or application is developed to manage this dataset. At the present time there is no specific application for maintaining this data layer and therefore those attributes will currently need to be manually edited. Those attributes will currently be listed as generated in the attribute table.

The attributes included in this implementation are those that have been established for the national data standard and cannot be modified except through the Data Standards Maintenance process. If additional attributes or domain values are desired by individual states/offices, create a new attribute and populate with a new attribute domain assignment. Metadata for the additional attributes must be documented by that office.

The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDB) will be MM/DD/YYYY due to ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the date field according to how dates are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-compliant format for the date field, YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. There are two methods in which the FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date format on the computer can be reset which may introduce unintended consequences within other programs, or the date field could be defined as a text field which would leave ample room for errors being introduced to the data. Although the National Data Standards are intended to be platform-independent, the ESRI GDB format is the current platform implemented throughout the BLM.

The Administrative State, District and Field Office codes were part of a three tier identification system, which has been replaced by the tencharacter DOI FBMS Organization Code. For BLM national data standards, we will be using only the last eight characters of the FBMS organization code (the two-character BLM Administrative State Code and the six-character Administrative Office Code). While using these codes in combination can contribute to the creation of a unique identifier, they are also listed as separate attributes so that if the codes change at a single level, the concatenated code can then be regenerated. However, if the 8 character code is used as part of a unique identifier, the unique identifier is not re-generated if the organization code changes.

To populate the field for the Administrative Unit Code attribute in the geodatabase (ADM\_UNIT\_CD), individual offices should find the code for their specific office at the following website: <u>http://web.blm.gov/data\_mgt/fpps\_org\_codes.htm</u> (click on the link for "GIS Administrative Unit Codes"). The field should be populated with the office code for the lowest level of the organization that has jurisdiction.

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### **Review Cycle**

The data for the ACECs should be reviewed on at least an annual basis for updates. The data standard itself will also be reviewed annually or at the time of request by the users through the data steward.

### National Unique Identifier for ACEC

ACECs have not had a national unique national primary key (identifier). Each state has used its own design for what the identifier is for the state. Now that ACECs will be a national data set, a unique national identifier is required. The existing local identifiers for ACECs will be included with the data set, but will not be the primary key for the data set.

The primary key for ACEC will be ten digits. The first four will be "ACEC" and the last six digits will be a sequential number.

#### - Creating the Initial Data Set

There are currently over 1100 ACECs designated for the BLM. Each state has been assigned a range of unique identifiers to use. As the ACECs are converted to the new standard and pushed up to the national level, the state will use an identifier within their assigned range for each individual ACEC.

## Part II: Data Standard Implementation Details

### **Table Information**

### A. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Pre-designated Arcs (acec\_predesig\_arc)

The arc features used to define the pre-designated polygon features are described in the following table. The arc attributes serve as feature level metadata information. Some of these items will be system generated in the future and will not require any input effort by the users. Others have Domain values with appropriate definitions. The last five attributes describe the data collection method along with a description of the expected spatial accuracy.

ACEC Pre-designated Arcs Attributes															
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	* Req'd?	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC						
CREATE_DATE	Created Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		Yes	Yes	G						
CREATE_BY	Created By Name	Char(30)	М	No	UNK		Yes	Yes	G						
MODIFY_DATE	Modified Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		Yes	Yes	G						
MODIFY_BY	Modified By Name	Char(30)	М	No	UNK		Yes	Yes	G						
COORD_SRC_TYPE	Coordinate Source Type Code	Char(5)	М	No	UNK	DOM_COORD_ SOURCE_TYPE	Yes	No	O/I						
COORD_SRC2	Coordinate Source Code	Char(25)	0	Yes			Yes	No	O/I						
DEF_FET_TYPE	Defining Feature Type Code	Char(15)	М	No	UNK	DOM_DEF_ FEATURE_TYPE	Yes	No	O/I						
DEF_FET2	Defining Feature Code	Char(30)	0	Yes			Yes	No	O/I						
ACCURACY_FT	Accuracy Measurement In Feet	Long Integer(4)	М	No	-1		Yes	No	O/I						
	**FL ME					or Input)		*Req"d (Required?): M=Mandatory O=Optional C=Conditional **FL META – Feature Level Metadata; ***SRC (SOURCE): G(enerated) O/I (Operator Input)							

GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition
CREATE_DATE	Not Applicable	Not on the logical model.
		This is a system generated attribute. As a feature is edited or modified while in the system its modification date will be collected and maintained. The date will be in the format of MM/DD/YYYY.
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDB) will be MM/DD/YYYY due to ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the date field according to how dates are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-compliant format for the date field, YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. There are two methods in which the FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date format on the computer can be reset which may introduce unintended consequences within other programs, or the date field could be defined as a text field which would leave ample room for errors being introduced to the data. Although the National Data Standards are intended to be platform-independent, the ESRI GDB format is the current platform implemented throughout the BLM.
CREATE_BY	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.
		This is a system Gen attribute. As a new feature is added to the system the UserID of the person creating the feature will be collected and maintained. The UserID will be the persons BLM login ID. This attribute will be deleted before providing the data to the public.
MODIFY_DATE	Not Applicable	Not on the logical model.
		This is a system generated attribute. As a feature is edited or modified while in the system its modification date will be collected and maintained. The date will be in the format of MM/DD/YYYY.
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDB) will be MM/DD/YYYY due to ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the date field according to how dates are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-compliant format for the date field, YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. There are two methods in which the FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date format on the computer can be reset

		which may introduce unintended consequences within other programs, or the date field could be
		defined as a text field which would leave ample room for errors being introduced to the data.
		Although the National Data Standards are intended to be platform-independent, the ESRI GDB
		format is the current platform implemented throughout the BLM.
MODIFY_BY	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.
		This is a system Gen attribute. As a feature is edited or modified while in the system UserID of
		the person modifying the data will be collected and maintained. The UserID will be the persons
		BLM login ID. This attribute will be deleted before providing the data to the public.
COORD_SRC_TYPE	Location Source	The name (code) that identifies the general category for the origin of the location coordinate
	Type Name	(Appendix A), representing a compilation of the state adopted source codes.
	i jpe i valle	(Appendin 17), représentang à compnation of the state daopted source codes.
		The domain contains those values that would most likely be used in the determination of source
		codes for the data set.
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_COORD_SOURCE_TYPE Default: UNK
COORD_SRC2	Location Source	The name (code) that identifies a more specific description of the coordinate source.
COORD_SKC2		The name (code) that identifies a more specific description of the coordinate source.
	Description	
	Specific	Suggested values appear in a table (Appendix A), but the user is free to enter any value they
	Name	choose. This domain is not intended to be all inclusive but may be used as a starting point for
		state-level lists of domain values. This list is not intended to be a substitute for the accuracy
		values that are found in the 'Accuracy Measurement Table'. This is an optional attribute.
DEF_FET_TYPE	Defining Feature	The (name) code that identifies the high-level category for the actual physical or mapping
	Type Name	characteristics (features) from which the arcs are derived. (Appendix A)
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_DEF_FEATURE_TYPE Default: UNK
DEF_FET2	Defining Feature	The name (code) that identifies a more specific description of the feature from which the arcs
	Description	are derived to create polygon boundaries. This information further describes the physical or
	Name	mapping feature that makes up the polygon boundary.
		Suggested values appear in a table (Appendix A) but the user is free to enter any value they
		choose. This domain is not intended to be all inclusive but may be used as a starting point for
		state-level lists of domain values. This is an optional attribute.
ACCURACY_FT	Line Form	The Accuracy Measurement defines how close, in feet, the actual ground location is to the
	Accuracy	spatial depiction in GIS. This value would typically be determined by one of three methods: 1)

Measure	the map accuracy value, if a USGS map was used to define the boundary; 2) the expected spatial accuracy achieved with GPS; or 3) the measurement of that accuracy as is noted in the <i>National Standard for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA)</i> <sup><i>l</i></sup> which is a data usability standard issued by the Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC).				
	A value of -1 indicates that the accuracy is unknown or that no reliable estimate can be made. Below is an example table of accuracy measurements. (Attempting to list all values in a domain table would produce an infinite list.)				
		1	leasurement Example Table		
		1	+/- 1 Feet		
		10	+/- 10 Feet		
		15	+/- 15 Feet		
		20	+/- 20 Feet		
		100	+/- 100 Feet		
	1 Federal Geographic Data Committee. 1998. <u>Geospatial Positioning Accuracy Standards Part 3: National</u> <u>Standard for Spatial Data Accuracy</u> , FGDC-STD-007.3-1998				

### B. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Pre-designated Polygons (acec\_predesig\_poly)

The polygon features for pre-designated Areas of Critical Environmental Concern are defined below. Domain values are used when appropriate.

	A	CEC Pre-desi	gnated P	olygons A	Attributes				
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	* Req'd?	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	G
LOC_ACEC_ID	Local ACEC Identifier	Char(20)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
ACEC_NAME	ACEC Name	Char(60)	М	No	UNK		No	No	O/I
CASEFILE_NO	ACEC Casefile Number	Char(15)	0	Yes	N/A		No	No	O/I
LUP_NAME	Land Use Plan Name	Char(50)	М	No	UNK		No	No	O/I
ACEC_DESIG_STATUS	Status	Char(25)	М	No	UNK	DOM_DESIG _STATUS	No	No	O/I
STATUS_EFF_DATE	Status Effective Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		No	No	O/I
STATUS_END_DATE	Status End Date	Date	С	No	9/9/9999		No	No	O/I
GIS_ACRES	GIS Acres	Double (16.6)	М	No	0		No	Yes	G
ADMIN_ST	Administrative State Code	Char(2)	М	No		DOM_ADMIN_ST	No	No	O/I
ADM_OFC_CD	Administrative Office Code	Char(6)	М	No	000000		No	No	O/I
ADM_UNIT_CD	Administrative Unit Code	Char(8)	М	No		DOM_ADM_UNIT_CD	No	No	O/I
SENSITIVITY	View Sensitivity Code	Char(3)	М	No	UNK	DOM_SEN_CODE	No	No	O/I
COMMENTS	Comments	Char(250)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
	**FL META -	*Req"d (Required?) - Feature Level Metad				Operator Input)			

There will be a minimum of 16 attributes associated with the pre-designated ACEC polygon features.

GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence of the entity.

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	Environmental Concern Identifier	The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first for digits will be a sequential number.	our will be "ACEC" and the last six
LOCAL_ACEC_ID	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		The current identifier that was used by a state or field of or field office level.	
ACEC_NAME	Area Critical Environmental Concern Name	The name of the ACEC taken from the Record of Decisi officially designated the ACEC.	ion and Land Use Plan which
CASEFILE_NO	Case File Number	The number that refers to the serialized case file number that record the facts, or actions taken, on a specific appli exchange, airport lease, easement acquisition, etc. (CMF (for example, OR035582).	ication, such as an oil and gas lease,
		This is a BLM International Organization for Standardiz for identification of all lands and minerals case files incl the LR2000 database. N/A - Not Applicable is the defau casefile number has been assigned. A value of "UNK" in	luding ACECs. This is the link to ilt code and will be used when no
LUP_NAME	Project Name	The name given to a project that represents the full, office project.	cial name associated with the
		For ACECs, this attribute will be the Land Use Plan Nar	me.
	ACEC Designation	The name that represents the stage of authorization categories	
ACEC_DESIG_STAT	Status Name	the Land Use Plan.	
US STATUS_EFF_DATE	Pre-designated	Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_DESIG The date on which the pre-designation status of the area	
	Status Effective Date	The date will be in the format of MM/DD/YYYY.	
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase ( to ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displa dates are formatted for display on the computer. The FC field, YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the da which the FGDC format could be used for storing the da computer can be reset which may introduce unintended	ays the date field according to how GDC-compliant format for the date ate field. There are two methods in ate. The date format on the

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		programs, or the date field could be defined as a text field wh for errors being introduced to the data. Although the Nationa to be platform-independent, the ESRI GDB format is the curr throughout the BLM.	al Data Standards are intended
STATUS_END_DAT	Pre-designated	The date on which the pre-designation status of the area is no	o longer effective.
E	Status End Date	The date will be in the format of MM/DD/YYYY.	
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDI to ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the dates are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-field, YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field which the FGDC format could be used for storing the date. To computer can be reset which may introduce unintended conseptograms, or the date field could be defined as a text field where for errors being introduced to the data. Although the Nationa to be platform-independent, the ESRI GDB format is the current throughout the BLM.	he date field according to how -compliant format for the date eld. There are two methods in The date format on the equences within other hich would leave ample room al Data Standards are intended
GIS_ACRES	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		This is a calculated value of area in units of acres based on the within the ESRI Polygon data structure. For the purposes of are to be stored in geographic coordinates which do not correct requires that there be a standard method for calculating this a The method used for these data are as follows: The data are projection such as the ESRI default Albers projection for the Albers NAD 1983." Once the data are projected, then a calculation	a 'national data layer', the data espond to ground values. This attribute. projected into a standard continental United States, "US
		(square meters) * 0.0002471044 = acres" is applied to the ex default area created by the ESRI software resulting in the fiel Please note that the figure used in this calculation is the factor Foot value from the length of a meter as opposed to the Inter- converting meters and feet.	kisting 'area' field that is ld (Attribute) 'SHAPE_Area'. or for converting the US Survey national Standard for
ADMIN_ST	State	An administrative unit that identifies the state or geographic	
	Alphabetic Code	jurisdiction over lands, and cases. The land for a case may n	ot be physically located in the

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		associated administrative state. Only those states that a the domain for this entity. Example: Montana is the Ad the geographic States of Montana, South and North Da	lministrative State for public lands in
		A two letter, upper case abbreviation for the administra values is: AK, AZ, CA, CO, ES, ID, MT, NM, NV, OI Organization Codes, use the second 2 characters (after Attribute Domain Assig	R, UT and WY. In the FBMS
ADM_OFC_CD	Office.BLM Organization Code	BLM administrative office (which is subordinate to the and/or management authority over lands within a geogram	, .
		This is a six-digit code. In the FBMS Organization Co- State designators. (e.g. LLAK <b>030900</b> )	
ADM_UNIT_CD	Administrative Office + Office.BLM Organization Code	The BLM administrative unit/office that is a combination Administrative Office Code that fully identifies the geo over the lands.	
		This is an eight-character code. In the FMBS Organiza characters (e.g. LLAK030900). The field should be po lowest level of the organization with jurisdiction. Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_AI	opulated with the office code for the
SENSITIVITY	Area of Critical Environmental Concern View Sensitivity Code	A code that designates the sensitivity of the information Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_SEN	
COMMENTS	Area of Critical Environmental Concern Comments Text	The text that provides additional information about the Concern.	Area of Critical Environmental

### C. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Designated Arcs (acec\_desig\_arc)

The arc features used to define the designated polygon features are described in the following table. The arc attributes serve as feature level metadata information. Some of these items will be system generated in the future and will not require any input effort by the users. Others have Domain values with appropriate definitions. The last five attributes describe the data collection method along with a description of the expected spatial accuracy.

	ACEC Designated Arcs Attributes								
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	* Req'd?	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
CREATE_DATE	Created Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		Yes	Yes	G
CREATE_BY	Created By Name	Char(30)	М	No	UNK		Yes	Yes	G
MODIFY_DATE	Modified Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		Yes	Yes	G
MODIFY_BY	Modified By Name	Char(30)	М	No	UNK		Yes	Yes	G
COORD_SRC_TYPE	Coordinate Source Type Code	Char(5)	М	No	UNK	DOM_COORD_ SOURCE_TYPE	Yes	No	O/I
COORD_SRC2	Coordinate Source Code	Char(25)	0	Yes			Yes	No	O/I
DEF_FET_TYPE	Defining Feature Type Code	Char(15)	М	No	UNK	DOM_DEF_ FEATURE_TYPE	Yes	No	O/I
DEF_FET2	Defining Feature Code	Char(30)	0	Yes			Yes	No	O/I
ACCURACY_FT	Accuracy Measurement In Feet	Long Integer(4)	М	No	-1		Yes	No	O/I
	*Req"d (Required?): M=Mandatory O=Optional C=Conditional **FL META – Feature Level Metadata; ***SRC (SOURCE): G(enerated) O/I (Operator Input)								

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GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition	
CREATE_DATE	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		This is a system Gen attribute. As a new feature is added to collected and maintained. The date will be in the format o	•
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GI ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-com YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date which may introduce unintended consequences within othe defined as a text field which would leave ample room for en Although the National Data Standards are intended to be p format is the current platform implemented throughout the	e date field according to how dates npliant format for the date field, There are two methods in which the format on the computer can be reset or programs, or the date field could be rrors being introduced to the data. latform-independent, the ESRI GDB
CREATE_BY	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		This is a system Gen attribute. As a new feature is added to creating the feature will be collected and maintained. The login ID. This attribute will be deleted before providing the	UserID will be the persons BLM
MODIFY_DATE	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		This is a system Gen attribute. As a feature is edited or mo modification date will be collected and maintained. The d MM/DD/YYYY.	
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GI ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-com YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date which may introduce unintended consequences within othe defined as a text field which would leave ample room for en Although the National Data Standards are intended to be p format is the current platform implemented throughout the	e date field according to how dates npliant format for the date field, There are two methods in which the format on the computer can be reset or programs, or the date field could be rrors being introduced to the data. Natform-independent, the ESRI GDB

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MODIFY_BY	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		This is a system Gen attribute. As a feature is edited or modi- the person modifying the data will be collected and maintaine BLM login ID. This attribute will be deleted before providing	ed. The UserID will be the persons
COORD_SRC_TYPE	Location Source	The name (code) that identifies the general category for the or	
	Type Name	(Appendix A), representing a compilation of the state adopted	d source codes.
		The domain contains those values that would most likely be u codes for the data set. Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_COORD_SOU	
COORD_SRC2	Location Source Description	The name (code) that identifies a more specific description of	f the coordinate source.
	Specific Name	Suggested values appear in a table (Appendix A), but the user choose. This domain is not intended to be all inclusive but m state-level lists of domain values. This list is not intended to values that are found in the 'Accuracy Measurement Table'.	ay be used as a starting point for be a substitute for the accuracy
DEF_FET_TYPE	Defining Feature Type Name	The (name) code that identifies the high-level category for the characteristics (features) from which the arcs are derived. (A Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_DEF_FEATU	ppendix A)
DEF_FET2	Defining Feature Description Name	The name (code) that identifies a more specific description of are derived to create polygon boundaries. This information for mapping feature that makes up the polygon boundary. Suggested values appear in a table (Appendix A) but the user choose. This domain is not intended to be all inclusive but m state-level lists of domain values. This is an optional attribute	urther describes the physical or is free to enter any value they ay be used as a starting point for
ACCURACY_FT	Line Form Accuracy Measure	The Accuracy Measurement defines how close, in feet, the ac spatial depiction in GIS. This value would typically be detern the map accuracy value, if a USGS map was used to define th spatial accuracy achieved with GPS; or 3) the measurement o <i>National Standard for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA)<sup>1</sup></i> which is a Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC).	etual ground location is to the mined by one of three methods: 1) he boundary; 2) the expected of that accuracy as is noted in the data usability standard issued by the
		A value of -1 indicates that the accuracy is unknown or the made. Below is an example table of accuracy measurements	

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	domain table would p	produce an i				
		Accuracy N	Jeasurement Example Table			
		1	+/- 1 Feet			
		10	+/- 10 Feet			
		15	+/- 15 Feet			
		20	+/- 20 Feet			
		100	+/- 100 Feet			
		1 Federal Geographic Data Committee. 1998. Geospatial Positioning Accuracy Standards Part 3: National				
	Standard for Spatial Data	Accuracy, FC	GDC-STD-007.3-1998			

**FINAL** 

### D. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Designated Polygons (acec\_desig\_poly)

Once a polygon feature leaves the Pre-Designated phase (transitions from Considered to Designated), that polygon will be removed from the ACEC Pre-designated feature class and be placed in the ACEC Designated feature class. The polygon features for designated Areas of Critical Environmental Concern are defined below. These Areas of Critical Environmental Concern boundary attributes may be duplicated in other data sets but are considered minimum information for unique feature identification and cartographic purposes. Domain values are used when appropriate.

ACEC Designated Polygons Attributes									
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	* Req'd?	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	G
LOC_ACEC_ID	Local ACEC Identifier	Char(20)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
ACEC_NAME	ACEC Name	Char(60)	М	No	UNK		No	No	O/I
CASEFILE_NO	ACEC Casefile Number	Char(15)	0	Yes	N/A		No	No	O/I
LUP_NAME	Land Use Plan Name	Char(50)	М	No	UNK		No	No	O/I
ACEC_EST_ACR	ACEC Estimated Acres	Double (16.6)	0	Yes	0		No	No	O/I
ROD_DATE	ROD Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		No	No	O/I
GIS_ACRES	GIS Acres	Double (16.6)	М	No	0		No	Yes	O/I
ADMIN_ST	Administrative State Code	Char(2)	М	No		DOM_ADMIN_ST	No	No	O/I
ADM_OFC_CD	Administrative Office Code	Char(6)	М	No	000000		No	No	O/I
ADM_UNIT_CD	Administrative Unit Code	Char(8)	М	No		DOM_ADM_UNIT_CD	No	No	O/I
SENSITIVITY	View Sensitivity Code	Char(3)	М	No	UNK	DOM_SEN_CODE	No	No	O/I
COMMENTS	Comments	Char (250)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
	**FL MET/	*Req"d (Require A – Feature Level Metad		tory O=Optional C= (SOURCE): G(enera		r Input)			

There will be a minimum of 14 attributes associated with the designated ACEC polygon features.

GIS Name	Logical	Definition
----------	---------	------------

Version 1.2		FINAL	9/24/2009
	Attribute Name		
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence	e of the entity.
	Environmental	The anima malace for ACEC will be 10 divide. The first form will be "AC	
	Concern	The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first four will be "AC	EC and the last six
	Identifier	digits will be a sequential number.	
LOCAL_ACEC_ID	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.	
		The current identifier that was used by a state or field office to identify a or field office level.	an ACEC at the state
ACEC_NAME	Area Critical	The name of the ACEC taken from the Record of Decision and Land Us	e Plan which
	Environmental Concern Name	officially designated the ACEC.	
CASEFILE_NO	Case File	The number that refers to the serialized case file number of the group of	official documents
<u>-</u>	Number	that record the facts, or actions taken, on a specific application, such as	
		exchange, airport lease, easement acquisition, etc. (CMR). This field she	0
		(for example, OR035582).	11
		This is a BLM International Organization for Standardization (ISO) assi	gned number used for
		identification of all lands and minerals case files including ACECs. This	s is the link to the
		LR2000 database. N/A - Not Applicable is the default code and will be	used when no casefile
		number has been assigned. A value of "UNK" indicates unknown.	
LUP_NAME	Project Name	The name given to a project that represents the full, official name associ	ated with the project.
		For ACECs, this attribute will be the Land Use Plan Name.	
ACEC_EST_ACR	Designated	The measure of the area estimated in the designation process for land us	e planning. This is
	ACEC Size	the designated size (acres) and may be different than the actual area. The	
	Measure		0
		Acres are calculated using the following formula: [Acres = Area (in me	ters)/4046.87]. This
		may be different than the GIS calculated area of the ACEC polygon. The	
		be the same for each polygon in an ACEC comprised of multiple polygo	ons. The values in this
		field do not change. Do not use this field to derive GIS acres.	
ROD_DATE	Land Related	The date on which the decision is signed by the person who has approva	authority for the
	Project Decision	decisions.	
	Date		
		The ROD signing date of the monitoring or activity plan, if any, for the	particular ACEC. The
		date will be in the format of MM/DD/YYYY.	

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		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDB) will the ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the date field are formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-compliant for YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. There are the FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date format reset which may introduce unintended consequences within other procould be defined as a text field which would leave ample room for each the data. Although the National Data Standards are intended to be preserved.	Id according to how dates rmat for the date field, re two methods in which at on the computer can be ograms, or the date field rrors being introduced to latform-independent, the
GIS_ACRES	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model. This is a calculated value of area in units of acres based on the area f within the ESRI Polygon data structure. For the purposes of a 'natio are to be stored in geographic coordinates which do not correspond t requires that there be a standard method for calculating this attribute	onal data layer', the data to ground values. This
		The method used for these data are as follows: The data are projected projection such as the ESRI default Albers projection for the contine Albers NAD 1983." Once the data are projected, then a calculation meters) $* 0.0002471044 = acres$ " is applied to the existing 'area' fie created by the ESRI software resulting in the field (Attribute) 'SHAI that the figure used in this calculation is the factor for converting the from the length of a meter as opposed to the International Standard f feet.	ental United States, "US of "SHAPE_Area (square eld that is default area PE_Area'. Please note e US Survey Foot value
ADMIN_ST	State Alphabetic Code	An administrative unit that identifies the state or geographic area wh jurisdiction over lands, and cases. The land for a case may not be ph associated administrative state. Only those states that are BLM adm domain for this entity. Example: Montana is the Administrative State geographic States of Montana, South and North Dakota.	nysically located in the inistrative states are in the
ADM_OFC_CD	Office.BLM	A two letter, upper case abbreviation for the administrative state offi values is: AK, AZ, CA, CO, ES, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, UT and W Organization Codes, use the second 2 characters (after the LL). (e.g Attribute Domain Assignment: DO BLM administrative office (which is subordinate to the state office)	Y. In the FBMS LLA <b>K</b> 039000) M_ADMIN_ST

Version 1.2		FINAL	9/24/2009
	Organization	and/or management authority over lands within a geographic area.	
	Code		
		This is a six-digit code. In the FBMS Organization Codes, use the six of	characters after the
		State designators. (e.g. LLAK030900)	
ADM_UNIT_CD	Administrative	The BLM administrative unit/office that is a combination of Administrative	
	Office +	Administrative Office Code that fully identifies the geographic area wh	ich has jurisdiction
	Office.BLM	over the lands.	
	Organization Code		
		This is an eight-character code. In the FMBS Organization Codes, use	0
		characters (e.g. LLAK030900). The field should be populated with the	e office code for the
		lowest level of the organization with jurisdiction.	
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_ADM_UNIT_CD	
SENSITIVITY	Area of Critical	A code that designates the sensitivity of the information on the ACEC.	
	Environmental	Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_SEN_CODE Defa	ult: UNK
	Concern View		
	Sensitivity Code		
COMMENTS	Area of Critical	The text that provides additional information about the Area of Critical	Environmental
	Environmental	Concern.	
	Concern		
	Comments Text		

### E. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Historical Polygons (acec\_hist\_poly)

The intent of the historical feature class is to store changes to Designated ACEC polygons only. The historical feature class should remain empty until something has changed in a feature. The business can run an annual archive if they so choose, or as required. The Historical Areas of Critical Environmental Concern polygon features are a result of the ACEC polygons being permanently changed as a result of a business need. The resulting ACEC polygons are no longer active, but will be stored for historical reference. There are no arc features tied to these polygons since once a polygon is inactive and is moved to the historical polygon feature class it should not be edited further. If the polygon needs to be recreated a copy of the feature can be moved back to the active feature class and editing can be conducted there. These Areas of Critical Environmental Concern boundary attributes may be duplicated in other data sets but are considered minimum information for unique feature identification and cartographic purposes. Domain values are used when appropriate.

ACEC Historical Polygons Attributes									
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	*Req'd	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED ?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	G
LOC_ACEC_ID	Local ACEC Identifier	Char(20)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
ACEC_NAME	ACEC Name	Char(60)	М	No	UNK		No	No	O/I
CASEFILE_NO	ACEC Casefile Number	Char(15)	0	Yes	N/A		No	No	O/I
LUP_NAME	Land Use Plan Name	Char(50)	М	No	UNK		No	No	O/I
ACEC_EST_ACR	ACEC Estimated Acres	Double (16.6)	0	Yes	0		No	No	O/I
ROD_DATE	ROD Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		No	No	O/I
GIS_ACRES	GIS Acres	Double (16.6)	М	No	0		No	Yes	O/I
ADMIN_ST	Administrative State Code	Char(2)	М	No		DOM_ADMIN_ST	No	No	O/I
ADM_OFC_CD	Administrative Office Code	Char(6)	М	No	000000		No	No	O/I
ADM_UNIT_CD	Administrative Unit Code	Char(8)	М	No		DOM_ADM_UNIT_CD	No	No	O/I
SENSITIVITY	View Sensitivity Code	Char(3)	М	No	UNK	DOM_SEN_CODE	No	No	O/I
INACTIVE_DT	ACEC Inactive Date	Date	М	No	9/9/9999		No	No	O/I
COMMENTS	Comments	Char (250)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
	*Req" **FL META – Feature	d (Required?): M <sup>2</sup> Level Metadata;				rator Input)			

There will be a minimum of 15 attributes associated with the historical ACEC polygon features.

GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical Environmental	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence of the entity.
	Concern	The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first four will be "ACEC" and the last six digits
	Identifier	will be a sequential number.
LOCAL_ACEC_ID	Not Applicable	Not on the logical data model.
		The current identifier that was used by a state or field office to identify an ACEC at the state or field office level.
ACEC_NAME	Area Critical Environmental Concern Name	The name of the ACEC taken from the Record of Decision and Land Use Plan which officially designated the ACEC.
CASEFILE_NO	Case File Number	The number that refers to the serialized case file number of the group of official documents that record the facts, or actions taken, on a specific application, such as an oil and gas lease, exchange, airport lease, easement acquisition, etc. (CMR). This field should be in uppercase (for example, OR035582).
		This is a BLM International Organization for Standardization (ISO) assigned number used for identification of all lands and minerals case files including ACECs. This is the link to the LR2000 database. N/A - Not Applicable is the default code and will be used when no casefile number has been assigned. A value of "UNK" indicates unknown.
LUP_NAME	Project Name	The name given to a project that represents the full, official name associated with the project.
		For ACECs, this attribute will be the Land Use Plan Name.
ACEC_EST_ACR	Designated	The measure of the area estimated in the designation process for land use planning. This is the
	ACEC Size	designated size (acres) and may be different than the actual area. This does not change.
	Measure	
		Acres are calculated using the following formula: [Acres = Area (in meters)/4046.87]. This may
		be different than the GIS calculated area of the ACEC polygon. This field value should be the same for each polygon in an ACEC comprised of multiple polygons. The values in this field do not change. Do not use this field to derive GIS acres.

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ROD_DATE	Land Related Project Decision Date	The date on which the decision is signed by the person who has decisions.	approval authority for the
		The ROD signing date of the monitoring or activity plan, if any, date will be in the format of MM/DD/YYYY.	, for the particular ACEC. The
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDB) v ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the date formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-compliant for YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. The FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date form which may introduce unintended consequences within other pro defined as a text field which would leave ample room for errors Although the National Data Standards are intended to be platfor format is the current platform implemented throughout the BLM	te field according to how dates are format for the date field, ere are two methods in which the nat on the computer can be reset ograms, or the date field could be being introduced to the data. orm-independent, the ESRI GDB
GIS_ACRES	N/A	Not on the logical data model.	
		This is a calculated value of area in units of acres based on the a the ESRI Polygon data structure. For the purposes of a 'nationa stored in geographic coordinates which do not correspond to gro there be a standard method for calculating this attribute.	al data layer', the data are to be
		The method used for these data are as follows: The data are pro- such as the ESRI default Albers projection for the continental U 1983." Once the data are projected, then a calculation of "SHAD 0.0002471044 = acres" is applied to the existing 'area' field tha ESRI software resulting in the field (Attribute) 'SHAPE_Area'. this calculation is the factor for converting the US Survey Foot opposed to the International Standard for converting meters and	United States, "US Albers NAD PE_Area (square meters) * at is default area created by the Please note that the figure used in value from the length of a meter as
ADMIN_ST	State Alphabetic Code	An administrative unit that identifies the state or geographic are jurisdiction over lands, and cases. The land for a case may not be associated administrative state. Only those states that are BLM domain for this entity. Example: Montana is the Administrative geographic States of Montana, South and North Dakota.	ea which has administrative be physically located in the administrative states are in the
		A two letter, upper case abbreviation for the administrative state	e office. The current list of values

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		is: AK, AZ, CA, CO, ES, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, UT and WY Codes, use the second 2 characters (after the LL). (e.g. LLAK Attribute Domain Assignme	039000)
ADM_OFC_CD	Office.BLM Organization Code	BLM administrative office (which is subordinate to the state of management authority over lands within a geographic area. This is a six-digit code. In the FBMS Organization Codes, use designators. e.g. LLAK030900)	
ADM_UNIT_CD	Administrative Office + Office.BLM Organization Code	The BLM administrative unit/office that is a combination of Ad Administrative Office Code that fully identifies the geographic the lands.	
		This is an eight-character code. In the FMBS Organization Code (e.g. LLAK030900). The field should be populated with the of organization with jurisdiction. Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_ADM_U	ffice code for the lowest level of the
SENSITIVITY	Area of Critical Environmental Concern View Sensitivity Code	A code that designates the sensitivity of the information on the Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_SEN_CO	
INACTIVE_DT	Location Archive Date	The calendar date on which the ACEC is no longer effective be ACEC changed or it is no longer considered as an ACEC. Bus Dates are a separate feature class from Designated ACECs. Th MM/DD/YYYY.	iness Rules: ACECs with End
		The format for storing the date field in the geodatabase (GDB) ESRI software limitations. The ESRI software displays the da formatted for display on the computer. The FGDC-compliant f YYYYMMDD, is for publishing/displaying the date field. Th FGDC format could be used for storing the date. The date form which may introduce unintended consequences within other pro- defined as a text field which would leave ample room for errors Although the National Data Standards are intended to be platfor format is the current platform implemented throughout the BLM	te field according to how dates are format for the date field, here are two methods in which the nat on the computer can be reset ograms, or the date field could be s being introduced to the data. orm-independent, the ESRI GDB M.
COMMENTS	Area of Critical Environmental	The text that provides additional information about the Area of	Critical Environmental Concern.

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Concern		
Comments Text		

### F. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Pre-designated Designation Type Table (acec\_predesig\_desig\_type\_tbl)

Designation Type "reflects the legally recognizable/designated reason(s) placed on an area with some degree of ACEC status (designated, nominated, or considered)." This field captures the reason(s) why an area was nominated or considered an ACEC. The values are taken from 43 CFR 1610.7-2. A value of "UNK" will indicate unknown. All pre-designated ACECs must be associated with at least one Designation Type. An ACEC can have more than one designation reason.

	Α	CEC Pre-desi	gnated D	esignation	Type Tabl	e			
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	*Req"D	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	G
ORDER_NO	ACEC Designation Reason Order Number	Integer	М	No	1		No	No	O/I
ACEC_REASON	ACEC Designation Reason Code	Char(4)	М	No	UNK	DOM_DESIG_CODE	No	No	O/I
DESIG_REAS _TEXT	Designation Reason Text	Char(40)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name								
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical Environmental Concern Identifier	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence of the entity. The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first four will be "ACEC" and the last six digits will be a sequential number.							
ORDER_NO	Area of Critical Environmental Concern Designation Reason Order Number	The number that identifies the order of importance of the designation reason. The primary reason is number one.							
ACEC_REASON       ACEC Designation         Reason Code       The code that designates the legally significant reasons placed on a designated, no         or considered Area of Critical Environmental Concern, as defined in CFR 1610.7-						ited,			

# Version 1.2 FINAL G. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Pre-designated Management Constraints Table (acec\_predesig\_mgmt\_const\_tbl)

A constraint "reflects the legally recognizable/designated management constraint(s) placed on an area with some degree of ACEC status (designated, nominated, or considered)." A value of "UNK" is used for unknown.

9/24/2009

ACEC Pre-designated Management Constraints Table									
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	*Req"D	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	** FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	Gen
MGMT_CON _TYPE	Management Constraint Type	Char(25)	М	No	UNK	DOM_MGMT_ CON_TYPE	No	No	O/I
PRIORITY_NO	Priority Number	Char(2)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
LIMITATION	Limitation	Char(20)	М	Yes	UNK	DOM_LIMIT	No	No	O/I
SPECIFIC_TEXT	Constraint Specific Text	Char(100)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
*Req"d (Required?): M=Mandatory O=Optional C=Conditional **FL META – Feature Level Metadata; ***SRC (SOURCE): G(enerated) O/I (Operator Input)									

GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence of the entity.
	Environmental Concern	
	Identifier	The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first four will be "ACEC" and the last six
		digits will be a sequential number.
MGMT_CON_TY	Management Constraint	The name for the legally recognizable and designated management constraints, restrictions and
PE	Category Name	goals placed on an area with some degree of the status (designated, nominated, or considered).
		A code will be used to indicate the type of management constraint.
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_MGMT_CON_TYPE Default: UNK
PRIORITY_NO	Management Constraint	The number that identifies the order of importance of the management constraint. The primary
	Area of Critical	reason is number one.
	Environmental Concern	
	Order Number	
LIMITATION	Management Limitation	The name of the type of limitations that can be placed on a management constraint category.
	Type Name	
		A code will be used to indicate the type of limitation.
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_LIMIT Default: UNK

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SPECIFIC_TEXT	e	The text that describes the specifics about a management con	nstraint category.	
	Constraint Specific Text			

FINAL

### H. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Designation Type Table (acec\_desig\_type\_tbl)

Designation Type "reflects the legally recognizable/designated reason(s) placed on an area with some degree of ACEC status (designated, nominated, or considered)." This field captures the reason(s) why an area was nominated, considered, or designated an ACEC. The values are taken from 43 CFR 1610.7-2. A value of "UNK" will indicate unknown. All ACECs must be associated with at least one Designation Type. An ACEC can have more than one designation reason.

	ACEC Designation Type Table								
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	*Req"D	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	**FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	G
ORDER_NO	ACEC Designation Reason Order Number	Integer	М	No	1		No	No	O/I
ACEC_REASON	ACEC Designation Reason Code	Char(4)	М	No	UNK	DOM_DESIG_CODE	No	No	O/I
DESIG_REAS _TEXT	Designation Reason Text	Char(40)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
	*Req"d (Required?): M=Mandatory O=Optional C=Conditional **FL META – Feature Level Metadata; ***SRC (SOURCE): G(enerated) O/I (Operator Input)								

GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical Environmental	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence of the entity.
	Concern Identifier	The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first four will be "ACEC" and the last six digits will be a sequential number.
ORDER_NO	Area of Critical Environmental Concern Designation Reason Order Number	The number that identifies the order of importance of the designation reason. The primary reason is number one.
ACEC_REASON	ACEC Designation Reason Code	The code that designates the legally significant reasons placed on a designated, nominated, or considered Area of Critical Environmental Concern, as defined in CFR 1610.7-2. Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_DESIG_CODE Default: UNK
DESIG_REAS_TEXT	Optional Designation Reason Text	The text that provides additional information about the Designation Reason, associated with the Designation Reason Code. (optional)

# Version 1.2 FINAL I. Areas of Critical Environmental Concern Management Constraints Table (acec\_mgmt\_const\_tbl)

A constraint "reflects the legally recognizable/designated management constraint(s) placed on an area with some degree of ACEC status (designated, nominated, or considered)." A value of "UNK" is used for unknown.

ACEC Management Constraints Table									
GIS NAME	ALIAS	DATA FORMAT	*Req"D	ALLOW NULLS?	DEFAULT VALUE	DOMAIN NAME	** FL META	DE- RIVED?	*** SRC
ACEC_ID	ACEC Unique Identifier	Char(10)	М	No			No	No	Gen
MGMT_CON _TYPE	Management Constraint Type	Char(25)	М	No	UNK	DOM_MGMT_ CON_TYPE	No	No	O/I
PRIORITY_NO	Priority Number	Char(2)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
LIMITATION	Limitation	Char(20)	М	Yes	UNK	DOM_LIMIT	No	No	O/I
SPECIFIC_TEXT	Constraint Specific Text	Char(100)	0	Yes			No	No	O/I
*Req"d (Required?): M=Mandatory O=Optional C=Conditional **FL META – Feature Level Metadata; ***SRC (SOURCE): G(enerated) O/I (Operator Input)									

GIS Name	Logical Attribute Name	Definition
ACEC_ID	Area of Critical	The designed primary key that will uniquely identify a single occurrence of the entity.
	Environmental Concern	
	Identifier	The primary key for ACEC will be 10 digits. The first four will be "ACEC" and the last six
		digits will be a sequential number.
MGMT_CON_TY	Area of Critical	The name for the legally recognizable and designated management constraints, restrictions and
PE	Environmental Concern	goals placed on an area with some degree of the status (designated, nominated, or considered).
	Management Constraint	
	Category Name	A code will be used to indicate the type of management constraint.
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_MGMT_CON_TYPE Default: UNK
PRIORITY_NO	Management Constraint	The number that identifies the order of importance of the management constraint. The primary
	Order Number	reason is number one.
LIMITATION	Management Limitation	The name of the type of limitations that can be placed on a management constraint category.
	Type Name	
		A code will be used to indicate the type of limitation.
		Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM_LIMIT Default: UNK
SPECIFIC_TEXT	ACEC Management	The text that describes the specifics about a management constraint category.
	Constraint Specific Text	

## Part III: Appendices

### Appendix A- Domain Values and Examples

### Link to Domains specific to ACEC

Domain values are maintained separately from the data standard. This is due to values being more likely to have an addition or change that would not affect the data standard. Domain values cannot be added to attributes specific to the standard (except thru the data standardization maintenance step). A state can extend the data standard with a new attribute which can have a state specific domain list. However, all attributes that are required as part of the standard must have a value from the data standard domain list. Any additional attributes and their associated domain values must be documented with metadata by that office.

### **Coordinate Source Type Code**

The code that identifies the general category for the origin of the location coordinate representing a compilation of the state adopted source codes. The domain contains those values that would most likely be used in the determination of source codes for the data set.

Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM\_COORD\_SOURCE\_TYPE

Default value: UNK

Allowable Codes:

COORD_SOURCE_ TYPE	Description	Definition
MAP		Manuscripted lines. Includes hand drawing onto paper or mylar map base and
		capturing with a digitizing tablet and on-screen digitizing using DRG
IMG	Imagery	DOQ or other imagery backdrops at any scale
GPS	GPS	Lines obtained from a Global Positioning System device not using survey methods
DLG	Digital Line Graph	Lines duplicated or buffered from (for example, 1:24K or 1:100K scale) USGS
		Digital Line Graph derived data including GIS themes such as BLM Streams or
		transportation
CFF	Cartographic Feature Files	Lines duplicated or buffered from Cartographic Feature Files (USFS)
GCD	Geographic Coordinate	Lines snapped to Geographic Coordinate Database points
	Database	
DEM	Digital Elevation Model	Digital Elevation Model
NHD	National Hydrologic Dataset	USGS National Hydrologic Dataset (NHD) (For example, 1:24L or 1:100K scale)

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SRV	Survey	Survey methods were used to define the line feature. This normally requires use			
		COGO or Survey Manager to input the data			
TRS	Township, Range, Section	PLSS Description			
LLD	Legal Land Description	A label that identifies a specific parcel or parcels of l	and. LLD information includes		
		meridian, township, range, and section, as well as get	opolitical information. (Note:		
		This is not to be confused with Legal Description/La	nd Description, or Land		
		Description.)			
GIS	BLM GIS Layer	Another data layer within an existing BLM GIS datas	set		
UNK	Unknown	Unknown source (default value)			
DRG	Digital Raster Graphics	A raster image of a scanned USGS standard series to	po map. The accuracy and		
		datum of a DRG matches the accuracy and datum of	the source map.		
WBD	Watershed Boundary Dataset	A National geospatial database of drainage areas con	sisting of the 1st through 6th		
		hierarchical hydrologic unit levels.			
OTH	Other	A coordinate source type that does not appear as one	of the other defined types in this		
		list			

### **Coordinate Source Code**

The code that identifies a more specific description of the location (coordinate) source.

Suggested values appear in the table but the user is free to enter any value they choose. This domain is not intended to be all inclusive but may be used as a starting point for state-level lists of domain values. This list is not intended to be a substitute for the accuracy values that are found in the 'Accuracy Measurement Table'. This is an optional attribute.

### Note: This is a suggested list only for this optional attribute. Individual states/offices are free to enter other values if they choose.

CORD_SRC_TYPE	CORD_SRC2	Description
MAP	24K map	USGS 1:24K hard-copy map
	100K map	USGS 1:100K hard-copy map
	misc map	miscellaneous paper maps, maps at varying scales
IMG	1 m doq	1 meter digital ortho quad
	air photo	
	satellite image	
GPS	GPS recreation grade	GPS recreation grade worse than 5 meter accuracy
	GPS resource grade	GPS resource grade 30cm to 5 meter accuracy
	GPS survey grade	GPS survey grade better than 30cm accuracy
DLG	24K dlg	USGS 1:24K digital line graphs
	100K dlg	USGS 1:100K digital line graphs
	250K dlg	USGS 1:250K digital line graphs
CFF		
GCD	GCDB	Geographic Coordinate Database
DEM	30 m dem	30 meter USGS Digital Elevation Model
NHD		
SRV	Cadastral Survey	Cadastral survey description based on bearing and distance from a surveyed start point
UNK	Unknown	Unknown coordinate source
DRG	24K drg	USGS 1:24K digital raster graphics
	100K drg	USGS 1:100K digital raster graphics
	250K drg	USGS 1:250K digital raster graphics
OTH	Other	Other source not listed in these domains

# Version 1.2 **Defining Feature Type Code**

The (name) code that identifies the high-level category for the actual physical or mapping characteristics (features) from which the arcs are derived (Appendix A).

Attribute Domain Assignment: DOM\_DEF\_FEATURE\_TYPE Default value: UNK

Allowable Codes:

DEF_FEATURE	Description	Definition
ER_SLOPE	Erosion Slope	This combines two standard landform classifications. The two were combined to reduce
	Landform	confusion between erosion and slope landform features The detailed description includes:
		rim, ridges, toe of slope, etc
COAST_FLUV	Coastal	This combines two standard landform classifications. The two were combined to reduce
	Fluvial	confusion between coastal and fluvial landforms. The detailed description includes creeks,
	Landform	streams, rivers, shorelines, etc
OTH_LAND	Other	This includes any other landform, such as Mountain, Glacial, and Volcanic landforms.
	Landform	
VEG	Vegetation	When the boundary is defined by a vegetative transition (ex: wildlife migration route).
CONST_FEAT	Constructed	When the boundary is defined by a constructed feature. The detailed description could
	Feature	include: fences, roads, pipelines, campgrounds etc, along with any offset/buffer description
ADMIN_BND	Admin	When the boundary is specifically defined as following another administrative boundary, even
	Boundary	if that administrative boundary is then described as following some other defining feature.
		For example part of an ACEC boundary may follow a planning boundary, and the planning
		boundary is defined as following a county boundary, and the county boundary is defined as
		following the midpoint of a river.
PLSS	PLSS	When the boundary is explicitly defined through PLSS
OTH	Other	When the boundary is not well defined by any of the other codes, ex: OBLIQUE, PT-TO-
		POINT etc.
UNK	Unknown	The default entry, no optional codes can be associated with this selection

## Crosswalk table from the old defining feature domain values to the new Defining Feature Type domain values

DEF_FEATURE (Old Version)	DEFINING_FEATURE_TYPE	Definition
RIM	ER_SLOPE	Natural topographic barrier to the
		movement of livestock
FENCE	CONST_FEAT	Constructed fence
LAKE	COAST_FLUV	The shoreline of any manmade or natural standing water
ROUTE	CONST_FEAT	Road centerlines (using the name of the FAMS Feature Class)
STREAM_RBANK	COAST_FLUV	Downstream right bank of stream,
		manmade or natural moving water
		(indicates that the stream is within the
		downstream left pasture)
STREAM_LBANK	COAST_FLUV	Downstream left bank of stream,
		manmade or natural moving water
		(indicates that the stream is within the
		downstream right pasture)
STREAM_CENTER	COAST_FLUV	Centerline of stream, manmade or natural
		moving water
PARCEL	PLSS	Legal line such as ownership or section line
PT-TO-PT	OTH	Boundary is not a legal or geographic
		feature
ROUTE_OFFSET	CONST_FEAT	Boundary is offset from a route
UNK	UNK	Defining feature unknown
	ADMIN_BND	
	VEG	
	OTH_LAND	

# Version 1.2 **Defining Feature Code**

The code that identifies a more specific description of the feature from which the arcs are derived to create polygon boundaries. This information further describes the physical or mapping feature that makes up the polygon boundary.

Suggested values appear in the table but the user is free to enter any value they choose. This domain is not intended to be all inclusive but may be used as a starting point for state-level lists of domain values. This is an optional attribute.

### Note: This is a suggested list only for this optional attribute. Individual states/offices are free to enter other values if they choose.

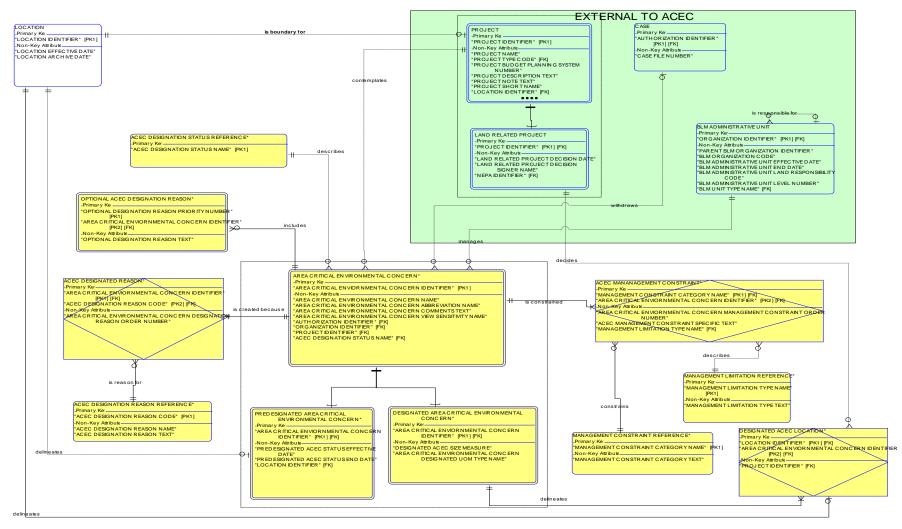
Defining Feature Type Code	Defining Feature Code	Description
ADMIN_BND	ownership	ownership
ADMIN_BND	county	county line
ADMIN_BND	forest	forest boundary
ADMIN_BND	land grant	land grant
ADMIN_BND	military	military boundary
ADMIN_BND	national border	national border
ADMIN_BND	national park	national park boundary
ADMIN_BND	special management area	special management area boundary
ADMIN_BND	right of way edge	right of way edge
ADMIN_BND	right of way centerline	right of way centerline
ADMIN_BND	state line	state line
ADMIN_BND	tract	tract
COAST_FLUV	coast	coastline
COAST_FLUV	river edge	river edge
COAST_FLUV	hydrologic divide	hydrologic divide
COAST_FLUV	Indian trust asset	Indian trust asset boundary
COAST_FLUV	river centerline	river centerline
COAST_FLUV	stream centerline	stream centerline
COAST_FLUV	wash centerline	wash centerline
COAST_FLUV	wash edge	wash edge
CONST_FEAT	aqueduct	aqueduct
CONST_FEAT	camp ground	camp ground
CONST_FEAT	levee	levee

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CONST_FEAT	offset	offset from a constructed feature
CONST_FEAT	mine	mine
CONST_FEAT	parking area	parking area
CONST_FEAT	railroad centerline	railroad centerline
CONST_FEAT	road centerline	road centerline
CONST_FEAT	trail non-motorized	trail non-motorized
CONST_FEAT	transmission line centerline	transmission line centerline
CONST_FEAT	pipe line centerline	pipe line centerline
CONST_FEAT	water tank	water tank
CONST_FEAT	road edge	road edge
CONST_FEAT	railroad edge	railroad edge
CONST_FEAT	transmission line edge	transmission line edge
CONST_FEAT	pipe line edge	pipe line edge
ER_SLOPE	contour	elevation contour
ER_SLOPE	canyon	canyon
ER_SLOPE	ridge	ridge
ER_SLOPE	rim of canyon	rim of canyon
OTH	line between peak and contour	line between peak and contour
ОТН	mineral survey	mineral survey
ОТН	oblique	oblique
OTH	line between mountain peaks	line between mountain peaks
OTH_LAND		
PLSS	plss	plss
UNK	unknown	unknown
VEG		
	trail off highway vehicle	trail off highway vehicle
	survey	cadastral survey
	toe of slope	toe of slope

### Version 1.2 Appendix B- Logical Data Model

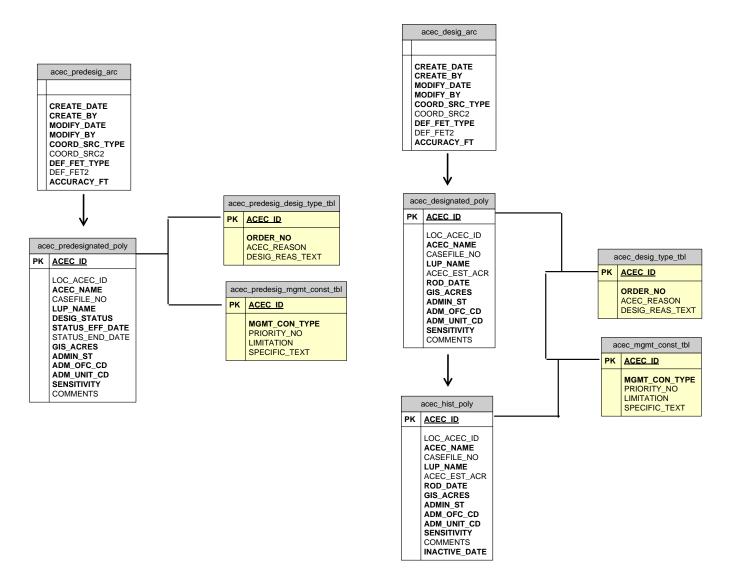
FINAL

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Legend: PK (Primary Key) – uniquely identifies one occurrence (row) of the entity; FK (Foreign Key): is all or part of the PK of another entity it is related to. PK1, PK2 – indicates the PK is made of of more than 1 attribute to make it unique. The Word Identifier indicates that this will be a designed key, its format is not known, but the modeling tool required a format and size. The actual content and size of the identifier will be determined during design

### Appendix C: Physical Database Diagram



## Appendix D: Attribute Field Definitions

Attribute Field	Field Definition	Field Example
Logical Name	The business name of the attribute which includes the entity name, and representation term	Global Positioning System Receiver Type Name
Alias	An alternative name that is more descriptive and user-friendly than the Logical or GIS Field Name	GPS RECEIVER TYPE
GIS Name	The abbreviated name of the field as it appears in the database	RCVR_TYPE
Data Format	Specific type of data allowed/# of characters or numbers/Precision & Scale	Char(15)
Requirement M=Mandatory O=Optional C=Conditional	Whether data is minimum allowed (Mandatory), not mandatory (Optional), or dependent (Conditional) based on an "IF" "THEN" statement	0
Allow Nulls?	Whether or not a value of "Null" is allowed in that column	Yes
Default Value	Value that will apply if no other value is specified	N/A
Domain Name	Name of the table for that attribute, containing the Code, Description, and Definition for each value in the table	DOM_RCVR_TYPE
Feature Level Metadata?	Whether it is metadata that is maintained at the feature level as opposed to metadata pertaining to the whole dataset	No
Derived?	Whether the attribute is system-generated, meaning it requires no input by the user to be populated	No
Source	The source for the data, whether it is system-generated, GPS input, operator input, or an additional BLM system, such as AFMSS or LR2000	GPS